A Flames of War Variant designed for large, multi-player games using MicroArmor (1/285 or 6mm) figures.

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INTRODUCTION
You will need the main Flames of War 3rd Edition rulebook to use these rules. The numbers in the chapters refer to the pages in the paperback rule book. All rules are in place unless specifically changed, modified or dropped herein. Flames of AwesomeSauce is a modification of the base Flames of War rules designed for large, multi-player games using MicroArmor (1/285 or 6mm) figures. It can be used with any other scale as is of course. It was originally titled “Flames of Epic” but that became confusing because many gamers thought it was a WW2 version of “Epic: Armageddon” the science fiction game from Games Workshop. I like that game too, so I may write Flames of Epic some day, but that’s another project!

A second change I make to the game is to switch to half-inches (you can use centimeters if that is easier). All of my stands are half size (cut length and width in half) and do the same for the various templates. I make my “small” bases very slightly oversized at 15x15mm as true half scale just makes them too darn tiny! I have some rulers marked in half inches so I don’t have to do any math. This makes my 4x6 table effectively 8 x 12. With this you can now play the “long” way. Further, now you can actually game a fighting withdrawal. There is room and space to fall back to a new position! And fast tanks are now especially deadly. No more putting a big cat on a hill and sweeping the field. Tigers and Panther will actually have to maneuver!

This mod includes a new two-Phase turn sequence and an optional hidden movement rule. I recommend using movement trays in the game as much as possible. Old CDs are a great resource. Put each platoon on a tray. It will take some gentlemanly behavior with regard to “is that platoon in cover?” What I do it is this: move the platoon on the tray. Then remove the tray and deploy each stand, but only when necessary. So if the platoon is just in the open and is shot at, leave it on the tray. But if it is near cover, remove the tray and deploy so it is clear which stands are in LOS, which are concealed, etc.

DON’T BE “THAT GUY”
Although the major change is just the turn sequence (and optional hidden movement), that leads to a lot of different situations and decisions. It makes for a better game I think. But it requires more of the players too. It is NOT a game for the uber-competitive. So I always invoke the “Don’t be a jerk” rule at the beginning of each battle.
GAME TURNS [p.31]

Revised Turn Sequence
1. Roll for Phases [1-3 = Phase 1, 4-6 = Phase 2]
2. Roll for initiative (may not apply on turn 1)
3. Both players make all rolls for:
   a. Air support
   b. Reserves
   c. Company Morale
4. Player who wins initiative moves first in each Phase and is called the First Player, his opponent is the Second Player.
5. First player moves one Phase 1 platoon. Each platoon follows the sequence from the rule book:
   a. Move
   b. Shoot
   c. Assault
   d. OPTIONAL, NOT YET PLAY TESTED: Allow option of shoot then move or move then shoot. Possibly only allow option for Phase 1 units? Phase 2 must move then shoot?
6. The First Player then moves all of his remaining Phase 1 platoons as above.
7. The Second Player now moves all his Phase 1 platoons, as above.
8. Both players test Platoon Morale for any required units.
9. The First Player now chooses a Phase 2 platoon. Each platoon follows the sequence from the rule book:
   a. Move
   b. Shoot
   c. Assault
10. The First Player completes moving all of his Phase 2 platoons as above.
11. The second Player now moves with all his Phase 2 platoons as above.
12. Both players test Platoon Morale for any units that require it.

PHASES [New Rules]
Unlike the standard game, platoons move in one of two phases. There are, in effect, two mini turns within each turn.

**Determine Phases:** Whether units are Phase 1 or Phase 2 is determined randomly. Unless a scenario indicates otherwise, it is a 50/50 split whether a unit is Phase 1 or 2. Roll one die for each platoon. If the roll is odd it is Phase 1. If the roll is even, it is Phase 2. As you roll, mark
each platoon with a Phase Marker. A simple counter with a 1 on one side and a 2 on the other works quite well. I have washers flocked with one big green tuft for Phase 1 and two tufts for Phase 2 to enhance the look of the game.

One way to adjust a scenario is to change the Phase odds. For example, in an early war game you may have the German player be Phase 1 on a 1-4 and Phase 2 on a 5-6, reflecting their training and doctrinal advantages. Likewise, in late war games you may make the Germans Phase 1 only on a 1 or 2 and phase 2 on a 3-6.

It is also possible to modify this for specific units (commandos for example, may be phase 1 on a 1-5, or even allowed to choose their Phase). If playing multi-player games, certain forces may have differing Phases. For example home guard or militia type forces may be 1-2/3-6 while regulars are 50/50.

**Phasing Back:** Any units (except aircraft) that are Phase 1 may “Phase Back” to Phase 2. Simply select the platoon, and announce you are “Phasing Back.” Replace the platoon’s Phase 1 marker with a Phase 2 marker. This allows a unit to await developments but does hand the initiative to your opponent.…

**Multi-Player Games:** If like me you normally play large games with multiple player per side, simply have each player activate their platoons as usual. The entire side should move at the same time. So if you have 4 German players, in their Phase 1 all 4 should activate platoons, move, shoot, etc. Normally your players will end up paired off but occasionally one player may shoot or assault forces of two different opposing players. Just take your time in these situations. The mechanics are still very fast and we find the game flows quite well even with very large battles.

**Think Ahead:** Although simple in execution, this change in game structure requires you to really think ahead. You have to activate shooting platoons before assaulting platoons to pin your enemy. You have to think about when you call artillery as the template may be in your way later in the turn (friendly fire is a bad thing).

**Keeping Track of Activations:** We find the simplest way to keep track of who has activated already and who has not is as follows: as a platoon activates remove its Phase marker.
INITIATIVE [New Rule]

Each turn, roll one D6 for each side (re-roll ties). The high roller will move first in each Phase and is called the First Player in these rules.

Scenario Specific Initiative: One way to adjust a scenario for specific instances is to adjust the initiative roll. For example, if you are gaming an assault on prepared positions, you might give the attacker a +1 to his die roll. Or if you have one side with superior local knowledge and intel, you might let them win ties. Likewise, you can mimic poor command with a -1 to the initiative die roll, possibly in combination with a change to the Phasing odds.

The Starting Step

Each side now carries out their starting step. As noted on the QRS, some are carried out in initiative order (deploying Ambushes for example) and some are simultaneous (Bog checks).

HIDDEN MOVEMENT [Optional Rule]

I often like to introduce hidden movement in to my games as even a simple “dummy counters” system creates quite a nice amount of fog of war.

Scout Markers: In order to use hidden movement you will need some scout markers. You will need these in three varieties: tanks, foot and other. Each marker should have an ID on it (a number or letter or whatever). You will need one marker for each platoon in your force. An AFV platoon gets a tank marker. Infantry platoons get a foot marker. All other platoon types get an “other” marker. To make a marker I use a single model on an oversized base. For German tank makers I use all Tigers and Panthers. For Soviets all JS2s. For foot markers, infantry figures. For “other” I use trucks.

Using Scout Markers: Units under a Scout Marker may not fire or assault. Roll for Phases for each marker treating them as a platoon. They are bound by normal movement rates. You may move a “dummy” any speed you wish but that may give the game away (hmmm..the scout marker just moved 3)...I’m pretty sure it’s a dummy). Scout markers may not use Double Time movement.

Dummy Markers: Each side should have some “dummy” markers in their mix. Having about 25-50% of the markers be dummies works
well. Simply keep a piece of paper that indicates which markers are real units and which are dummies.

**Spotting Rules:** In order to detect whether an enemy marker is a real unit or not it must be spotted. In order to spot, one of your platoons must “fire” at the enemy marker. A platoon may only spot one enemy marker in a turn and may not fire at any other targets. You must score 2 hits to reveal the marker. All normal shooting rules apply (rate of fire, concealment, cover, long range, etc.). Unit Markers save on a 5+. If you score 2 hits remove the marker. If it represents a real unit, deploy that unit on the table. The fire has no effect on the unmasked unit.

**Exception:** Recon units do not “fire” – they make a skill check. If successful, the Scout Marker is unmasked (there is no save roll).

ALL scout markers (even dummies) may attempt to spot once per turn. They fire with 4 dice regardless of what unit (if any) they represent.

**Moving Unit Markers:** A unit marker moves just as a normal platoon of its type. It pays terrain costs as normal. If it requires a bog check, the bog check affects the entire platoon.

**Unmasking:** Scout Markers are “unmasked” in a few ways. First, the owning player may choose to unmask. They do so as part of their normal movement. Simply remove the scout maker and put the appropriate platoon on the table. Second, they may be spotted by an enemy platoon. Third, if an enemy platoon (NOT a scout marker) is within 12” and has a clear line of sight to the scout marker, the marker is removed and the real unit (if any) is immediately deployed. A moving unit unmarks enemy scout markers immediately and may continue moving after doing so.

**OPPORTUNITY FIRE [New Rule]**
A unit that neither moves nor fires in its turn may instead be placed on Opportunity Fire.

Units that neither move nor shoot may be marked with an Opportunity Fire marker. At any point during the enemy’s turn (Phase 1 or Phase 2) the unit may fire. The player interrupts the enemy turn, declares the fire, and resolves it immediately. All normal firing rules apply, including cover, saves, etc. Note that you put complete platoons on Op
Fire and they fire as such. You cannot put part of a platoon on Opportunity Fire. A platoon on Op Fire gets one shot. You may fire at more than one target but all fire happens at the same time. After resolving the fire, remove the Op Fire marker.

Depending on the scenario you are playing, you may allow units of one or both sides to start the game with an OpFire marker.

Note: A unit given an Op Fire marker retains it until it either takes an Op Fire, moves or shoots. In theory, a unit could go on OpFire on turn 1, have no target and keep that same Op Fire marker until the end of the game!

Units with an OpFire marker may not conduct assaults. If they are the target of an assault, they may fire at the moment the assault is declared. This is in ADDITION to defensive fire.

MOVEMENT [p.34]

Except that you move in two phases, all movement rules remain in effect as written with the following notes/changes/clarifications:

Moving Your Platoons [p.40]: As stated, move each team in the first platoon before moving on to the next. Once you have started moving the second platoon, you may not go back to adjust the moves of any prior platoons.

Dismounting [p.47]: Passengers may dismount at any time. If they dismount prior to the transports moving, they may move and fight normally. Otherwise they must remain stationary and have a ROF as if moving.

Tank Riders [p.46]: Passengers are temporarily treated as part of the transporting platoon. They move, fire and assault with that platoon if they are riding. They may dismount in either their platoon’s own phase or the tank’s.

Examples:
1. A Sherman platoon is carrying two infantry teams. Neither the tank nor the infantry platoon has moved yet. The US player decides to move the tanks, but wants to dismount the infantry. He places the infantry stands adjacent to the tanks, then moves, shoots and assaults with the Shermans. Later in the turn he decides to move that infantry platoon. The dismounted infantry may move, shoot and assault as normal.
2. A Tankovy company of T-34s is carrying 12 infantry stands of company A. The Soviet player moves Company A, but opts not to dismount the infantry from the tanks. These stands may not fire or assault in this phase. Later in the game, he decides to move the T-34s. But as they are headed into a tank fight the infantry are just so much meat. He dismounts the infantry, placing them adjacent to the T-34s prior to moving the tanks. The tanks may move shoot, assault as normal. The infantry may not move, shoot or assault as their company has already done so.

**COMMAND [p. 63]**
All command rules are as written.

**SHOOTING [p.72]**

Again, shooting remains as normal except that you shoot with an active platoon rather than with your entire force.

**Shooting Sequence [p.72]:** You will need to mark enemy platoons with the number of hits you inflict in order to keep track of pin results. (You could also use a paper roster) For example, you may shoot with your first platoon and cause 3 hits. Later in the turn you may target the same enemy platoon. You now need just 2 more hits to pin the enemy platoon. We find very small d6 work just fine for this purpose.

**Concealment [p.85]:** If targeting an enemy infantry team that has not yet moved, it is automatically considered concealed. If concealed it may still move, shoot or assault later in the turn.

**Going To Ground [p.90]:** When targeting an enemy infantry team that has not yet moved in the current turn the defending player may declare that platoon as “Gone to Ground.” However, if he declares it so, it may not move, shoot or assault later in the turn. **Exception:** Platoons that moved double time in the prior turn may not be considered GtG under this rule.

**Examples:**
1. Russian Team A is firing at the German platoon. Only enemy teams 1 and 2 are eligible targets (in range, LOS, field of fire). Because every eligible target is concealed by the hedge, the Russian will need to add 1 to his required “To-Hit” roll. If the German platoon has not yet moved the German player also has the option of declaring the platoon “Gone to Ground”
2. Russian Team B now fires at the same enemy platoon. Eligible targets for Team B are enemy teams 1, 2, and 5. Because team 5 is not concealed, none of the German teams will benefit from concealment for Team B’s fire.

**PLATOON MOTIVATION TESTS [p.173]**

Instead of taking tests at the end of the Shooting and Assault steps, platoons check for motivation at the end of each Phase. Note it is possible that a platoon may have to check twice in the same turn, once at the end of Phase 1 and again at the end of Phase 2.

**ARTILLERY [p.122]**

**Artillery Observers [p.127]:** Because observers belong to the artillery platoon, but are usually attached to other (usually infantry or tank) platoons, they have an unusual “dual platoon” status. Thus they move with the platoon to which they are attached. However, they may only call fire when moving the artillery platoon. If they are kept separate and not attached to another platoon, they activate with the artillery as usual.
Friendly Fire [p.133]: Once a bombardment is resolved, the template should remain on the table (alternatively you may simply mark the aiming points to make for a better looking table). Any friendly team that moves through the template or ends its move within 4” of the template is subject to the friendly fire rules [p.82]. Having an elevated template on “legs” is very handy (you can make one or buy one from Litko.net).

ASSAULTS [p. 141]
Assaults are carried out in the normal Phases, rather than being a separate Phase all their own. As a result, you really have to think ahead when planning assaults. Also, keep in mind that in regular FoW your opponent does not react to you. In FoA you may set up an assault only to have your enemy move away before you can charge. The Phases really change the tactics you must use to win. Or you may find the platoon you wanted to assault with gets pinned before it can move!

Charge Into Contact [p.145]: Keep in mind the 4” charge is in addition to your normal movement.

Defensive Fire [p.151-3]: Defending teams fire at full ROF even if they moved prior to being assaulted.

MORALE [p. 172]
Play all morale rules as normal except that you check platoon morale at the end of each phase, instead of at the end of the turn.

Company Morale [p.175]:
In large multi-player games I typically have more than one company involved. I do not use these rules as the game usually sorts itself out.

AIRCRAFT [p.178]
Aircraft are played as normal but they have a Phase, just like any other unit. Roll for aircraft entry during the Starting Step. If aircraft arrive, roll for their Phase just like any other unit. Aircraft may NOT “Phase Back.”
**Anti-Aircraft Fire [p.181]:** Anti-Aircraft units have a Phase like any other. It is possible for an AA unit to have been activated and thus be unable to react to the presence of an enemy aircraft.

**Attacking With Aircraft [p.185]:** As with artillery, after an aircraft attack, leave the template on the table. Any team moving through the template – whether friendly or enemy – may also be hit, if the aircraft ranged in.

**SPECIALISTS [p.192]:**
Most specialist rules need no modification.

**Reconnaissance [p. 194]:** The disengage rules works as normal but the owing player should keep the Phases in mind. Recon may only do so once – so if you disengage in Phase 1, an enemy platoon may catch up with you in Phase 2!

**Eyes and Ears [p.195]:** In addition to revealing an enemy platoon that has gone to ground, if using the optional hidden movement rules, they may reveal a Scout Marker.

**Cavalry [p.202]:** Although a horse is not a huge height, mounted troops better than foot troops. If using the optional hidden movement rules, they Spot as normal, but get +1 to their Spotting dice.

**BUNKERS [p. 214]**
Bunkers roll for Phases as normal, and may use Op Fire like any other unit.